

Towards synthetic locale theory

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Types and Topology

A workshop in honour of Martín Escardó's 60th birthday

December 2025

Some memories

- ▶ I think I first became aware of Martín's work at the MFO workshop on Mathematical Logic in November 2011, via Paulo Oliva's talk on *Bar Recursion and the Product of Selection Functions*.
- ▶ Around the same time, I noticed many thoughtful messages from Martín on the *agda*, *constructivenews* and *HomotopyTypeTheory* mailing lists.
- ▶ The first time I remember meeting Martín was at the Workshop on Homotopy Type Theory in Bonn, February 2016.
- ▶ Since then I've been very inspired both by Martín's earlier work on topology (following Smyth's dictionary) and the later work on univalent type theory.
- ▶ This talk is in part about combining these strands ...
Types and Topology



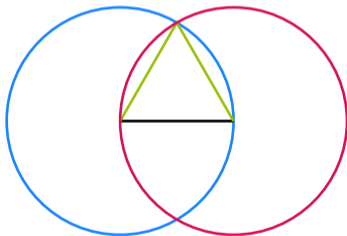
Synthetic mathematics

... large parts of modern mathematical research are based on a dexterous blending of axiomatic and constructive procedures. (Weyl 1985, written ca. 1953–1955)

The primordial example of synthetic mathematics is the Euclidean geometry of basic figures, that are *postulated* rather than *analyzed* in terms of something else/more primitive, and whose basic properties are taken as *axioms*.

(Another closely related idea: *purity of methods*)

Russell said this has all the benefits of theft over honest toil! But the toil of *constructing* models repays what was stolen.



Modern examples of synthetic mathematics

Modern examples:

- ▶ Synthetic differential geometry: The differential line R is postulated as \mathbb{Q} -algebra with the Kock–Lawvere axiom

$$R[x]/(x^2) \xrightarrow{\sim} (\{d : R \mid d^2 = 0\} \rightarrow R)$$

- ▶ Synthetic algebraic geometry: The algebraic line R is postulated as a local ring satisfying

$$A \xrightarrow{\sim} (\mathrm{Spec}(A) \rightarrow R),$$

where $\mathrm{Spec}(A) := \mathrm{Hom}_R(A, R)$, for all f.p. R -algebras A . Also: Zariski local choice.

- ▶ Synthetic computability theory: Assume Church's thesis
- ▶ Synthetic domain theory, recently Pugh and Sterling (2025): Assume partial map classifier Σ , a bounded distributive lattice with Phoa's principle

$$(\Sigma \rightarrow \Sigma) \xrightarrow{\sim} \sum_{x,y:\Sigma} x \leq y$$

More examples of synthetic mathematics

- ▶ Synthetic (higher) category theory: Extends synthetic domain theory with Σ totally ordered, and the universe generated by the simplices $\Delta^n \subseteq \Sigma^n$. (Riehl and Shulman 2017; Gratzer, Weinberger, and Buchholtz 2024; Gratzer, Weinberger, and Buchholtz 2025)
In forthcoming work we define the $(\infty, 1)$ -category of $(\infty, 1)$ -categories.
- ▶ Synthetic Stone duality (Cherubini et al. 2024): Use the boolean algebra 2 with the Stone duality axiom:

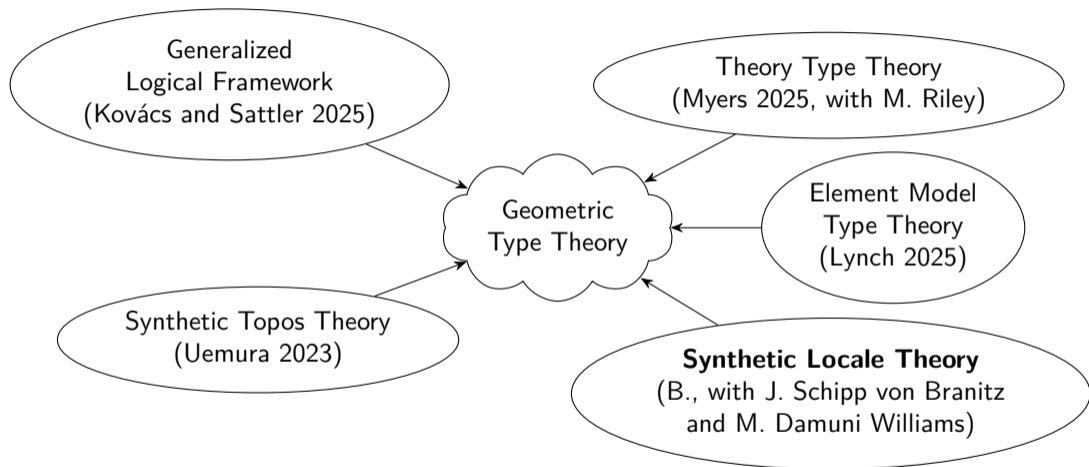
$$B \xrightarrow{\sim} (\mathrm{Spec}(B) \rightarrow 2)$$

for all countably presented boolean algebras B , where $\mathrm{Spec}(B) := \mathrm{Hom}(B, 2)$. (Plus local choice and two more axioms.)

- ▶ Synthetic real cohesion via modal type theory (Shulman 2018)
- ▶ Synthetic measure theory, probability theory, quantum theory, ...

That's all very nice, but we'd like to relate the internal results to the external, make combinations (simplicial + cohesion, etc.), go between models, and more.

Towards geometric type theory



(All works in progress)

Synthetic Mathematics eats itself

Our goal is to build towards a *synthetic mathematics of synthetic mathematics*: Postulate constructions of theories, and give axioms that allow us to derive the “local” axioms for each theory, following Blechschmidt (2023), *general Nullstellensätze*.

Final intended model is the multiverse of toposes (Blechschmidt and Oldenziel 2023) (extending the set-theoretic multiverse), with distinctions between *étale maps* and *all geometric maps*, and corresponding local modal machinery to keep track of *arbitrary* and *geometric constructions* (Σ , $=$, finitary **HITs**), and to allow us to move freely between the *internal* and the *external*.

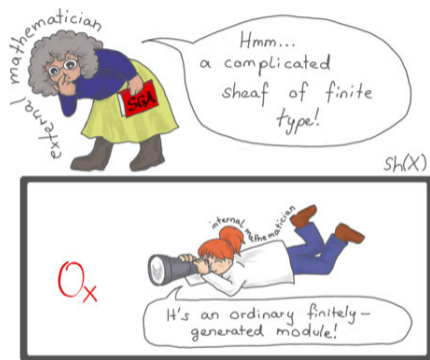


Illustration: Carina Willbold (CC BY-SA)

Challenges for Geometric Type Theory

The idea would be to have judgments (cf. EMTT):

- ▶ X is a topos/theory
- ▶ $x : X$ is a point/model
- ▶ A is étale/a type
- ▶ $a : A$ is a section/an element

(plus equality etc.)

Then need “local modalities”, perhaps using refinement of MATT (Shulman 2023), plus bespoke rules ...

Some challenges:

- ▶ The intended model, **Topos** is not a model of type theory, not locally cartesian closed, etc.
- ▶ It's not remotely locally small, maps $X \rightarrow [T]$ are models of T in $\mathbf{Sh}(X)$, which are unbounded (e.g., $T = \mathbf{Ring}$).
- ▶ Usual strategy would be to stratify via an (external) universe hierarchy \mathcal{V}_i . Then **Topos** is enriched in stratified types?
- ▶ ...

Synthetic Locale Theory

Our approach is to start with the simplest case of *small, propositional* (geometric) theories, presenting locales, and *small* maps. If \mathcal{V}_i , $i = 0, 1, \dots$, are the external universes, consider the site \mathbf{Loc}_0 of \mathcal{V}_0 -presented locales and \mathcal{V}_0 -sized maps. (In general, $[T] \rightarrow_i [S]$ are models of S in $\mathcal{O}_i[T] := \mathbf{Sh}_i^{\leq -1}[T]$. We're working predicatively in anticipation of going higher.)

There's a natural (locally \mathcal{V}_0 -small) étale topology on \mathbf{Loc}_0 given by the axioms of the codomain theory.

In $\mathbf{Sh}(\mathbf{Loc}_0)$ we have a model of type theory, with a usual universe hierarchy \mathcal{U}_i , $i \geq 1$, coming from \mathcal{V}_i . We have a split-context calculus to accommodate \flat . (Not covered by MTT!)

We define $\mathcal{U}_0 := \Delta(\mathcal{V}_0)$, the universe of locally constant sheaves, and $\mathbb{S}_0 := \mathbf{y}(\mathbb{S})$. These only have geometric constructors.

We have that \mathbb{S}_0 is a distributive lattice with \mathcal{U}_0 -sups ($\leq: \mathbb{S}_0 \rightarrow \mathbb{S}_0 \rightarrow \mathcal{U}_1$).

Duality

Theorem

In this model we have internally: For any \mathcal{U}_0 -theory T , there is a QIT giving an \mathbb{S}_0 -algebra $A := \mathbb{S}_0[T]$ such that evaluation is an isomorphism

$$A \rightarrow (\mathrm{Spec}(A) \rightarrow A),$$

where $\mathrm{Spec}(A) := \mathrm{Hom}_{\mathbb{S}_0}(A, \mathbb{S}_0) \simeq \mathrm{Mod}_T(\mathbb{S}_0) := [T]$.

This is the starting point for doing locale theory synthetically.

To recover the non-geometric connective/constructions, we have for *crisp* theories T :

$$\flat(\mathrm{Prop}_1^{[T]}) \rightarrow \flat(\mathbb{S}_1^{[T]}),$$

where \mathbb{S}_1 another universe. (We're still working out whether this is postulated or defined ...)

Outlook







Immediate next steps:








- ▶ Prove more theorems of formal topology synthetically (and maybe that Cantor space is searchable!),
- ▶ Derive quasicohherent induction from duality
- ▶ (Finish the paper!)
- ▶ Formalization in Agda (with \mathfrak{b})


Further, think about integrating other ideas:

- ▶ Improve the model:
 - ▶ Going higher: $(n, 1)$ -toposes, $n \leq \infty$
 - ▶ Going larger: larger theories and/or larger maps internalized
- ▶ Improve treatment of iterated internalization (with inspiration from GATs, Arithmetic Universes, and locally presentable categories)
- ▶ Perhaps this will make the synthetic locale theory look more like the analytic one?
- ▶ Devise a geometric type theory (with normalization, etc.)

Happy Birthday, Martín!

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